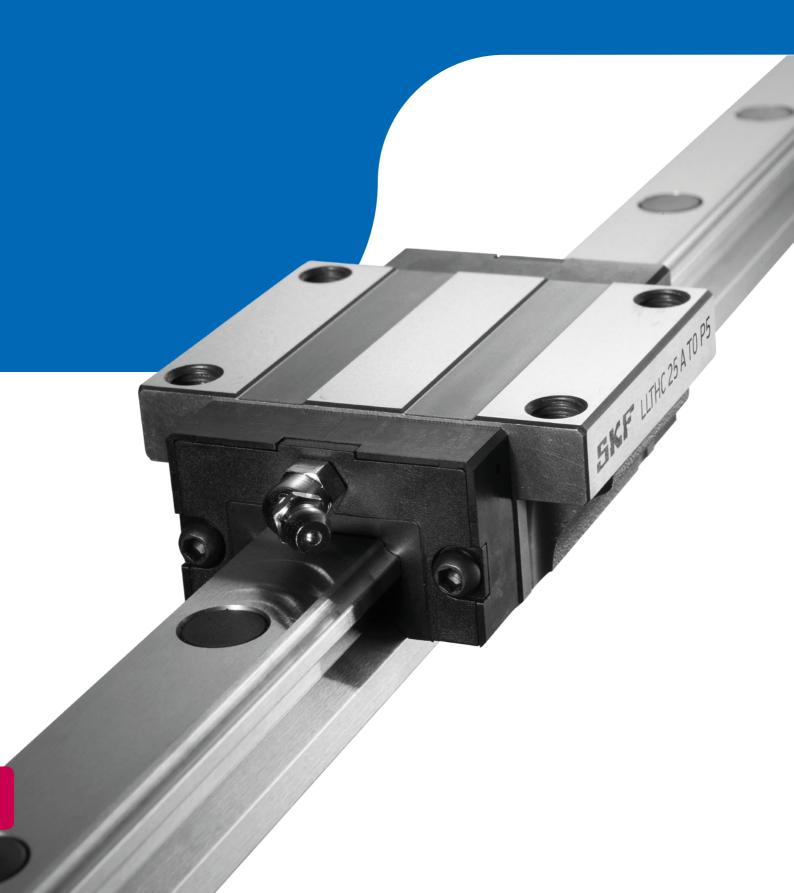
Profile rail guides LLT







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△ Product information

The SKF brand now stands for more than ever before, and means more to you as a valued customer.

While SKF maintains its leadership as the hallmark of quality bearings throughout the world, new dimensions in technical advances, product support and services have evolved SKF into a truly solutions-oriented supplier, creating greater value for customers.

These solutions encompass ways to bring greater productivity to customers, not only with breakthrough application-specific products, but also through leading-edge design simulation tools and consultancy services, plant asset efficiency maintenance programmes, and the industry's most advanced supply management techniques.

The SKF brand still stands for the very best in rolling bearings, but it now stands for much more.

SKF – the knowledge engineering company

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SKF - the knowledge engineering

Foreword

The productivity and economic success of a given application depends, to a large extent, on the quality of the selected linear components. Often these components determine market acceptance and thus help to secure the manufacturer a competitive edge. For this purpose, the linear components have to be as adaptable as possible to precisely meet the application's requirements, ideally with standard components.

The new SKF profile rail guide series LLT satisfies these market demands: available in a wide range of sizes, carriages and accessories as well as in various preload and accuracy classes, LLT profile rail guides facilitate the adaptation to individual application demands. In combination with their ability to

operate at virtually unlimited stroke. This opens up almost any design option.

The range of possible applications includes material handling, plastic injection moulding, woodworking, printing, packaging and medical devices, to name only a few. With such applications, the design of the LLT reveals its full capabilities:

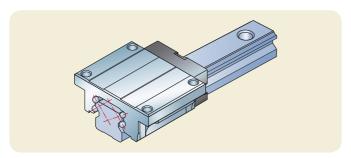
SKF manufactures these profile rail guides in an X-arrangement with a 45° contact angle between the rolling elements and raceways. This design provides an equal load carrying capacity in all four main load directions and therefore greater design flexibility since all mounting positions are pos-

sible. Moreover, deviations in parallelism and height, which usually occur in multi-axis systems, can be compensated for more efficiently, resulting in reliable and smooth operation under a variety of operating conditions.

In addition, SKF offers a miniature profile rail guide series and a series of ready assembled and driven profile rail guide slides. Contact your SKF representative for additional information.

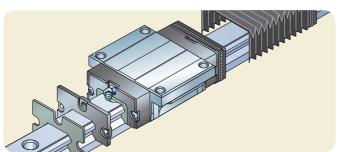


Features and benefits



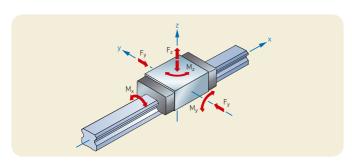
Improved repeatability and smooth running performance

The new LLT profile rail guide has four rows of balls with a 45° contact angle between the rolling elements and raceways. This X-arrangement improves the system's self-aligning capability. Mounting deviation can be absorbed even under preload, resulting in smooth running performance. Friction is kept to a minimum due to two-point ball contact. This enables reliable, stick-slip-free operation for the life of the rail guide.



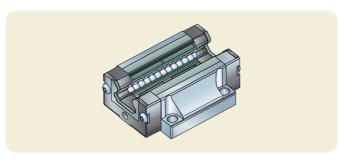
Modular concept for customized solutions

Applications have different speed, precision and environmental requirements. As a result, SKF LLT rail guides use modular components so that cost-effective solutions can be built based on the needs of the application. Various accuracy and preload classes are available to meet different precision and stiffness requirements. Furthermore, a wide range of accessories supports the adaptation to specific environmental needs.



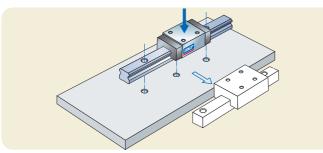
Stiffness, strength and accuracy for improved production processes

The four-row arrangement of balls at a 45° angle optimizes load sharing in all four main load directions and is in accordance with ISO 14728. This feature provides a high degree of design flexibility. The ability to accommodate high loads and moment loads makes these rail guides ideal even for single carriage systems.



Longer service life and reduced maintenance

SKF profile rail guide carriages are factory pre-lubricated. The integrated lubricant reservoirs, located in the end plates, constantly relubricate the circulating balls. Both ends of the carriage have metal threaded lubrication ports to accommodate an automatic re-lubrication system. As standard, one grease nipple is provided with each carriage. These fully sealed carriages have double lip seals on both ends as well as side and inner seals. The seal design results in both low friction and high protection of the internal components.



Interchangeability and global availability

The main dimensions of SKF profile rail guides are in accordance with DIN 645-1. This enables full interchangeability with all DIN-compliant brands. SKF's global sales and distribution network results in availability of replacement parts and serviceability for all systems worldwide.

LLT Design

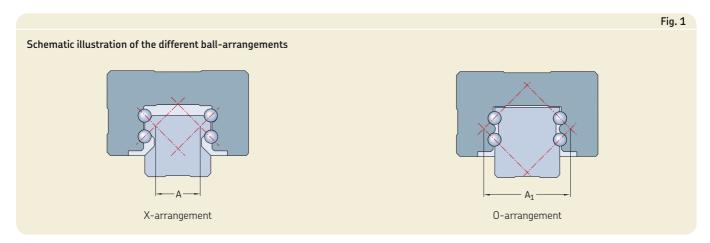
Just as in rotary bearings, the raceways of profile rail guides can be arranged in an X-or an O-configuration. The technical characteristics of these two arrangements are the same except for their behaviour when subjected to a torsional moment. Generally, they show no difference in behaviour when it comes to compressive loads, lift-off loads and side loads or under longitudinal moments.

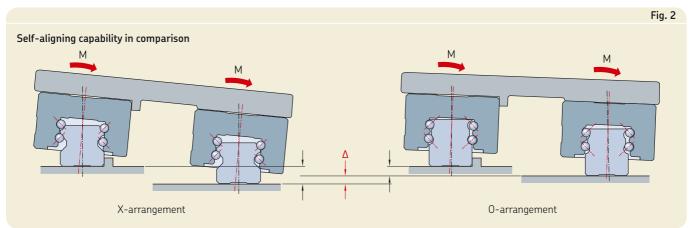
The new profile rail guides from SKF feature an X-arrangement, based on the contact angle of the rolling elements (\rightarrow fig. 1).

The advantage of this arrangement is that deviations in parallelism and height, which usually appear in multi-axis systems, can be accommodated more effectively (\rightarrow fig. 2).

Due to the design-related smaller lever arm, the X-arrangement provides better self-aligning capability.

In combination with a two-point contact of the rolling elements, running friction is kept to a minimum. This results in smooth and stick-slip-free operation of the guidance system.



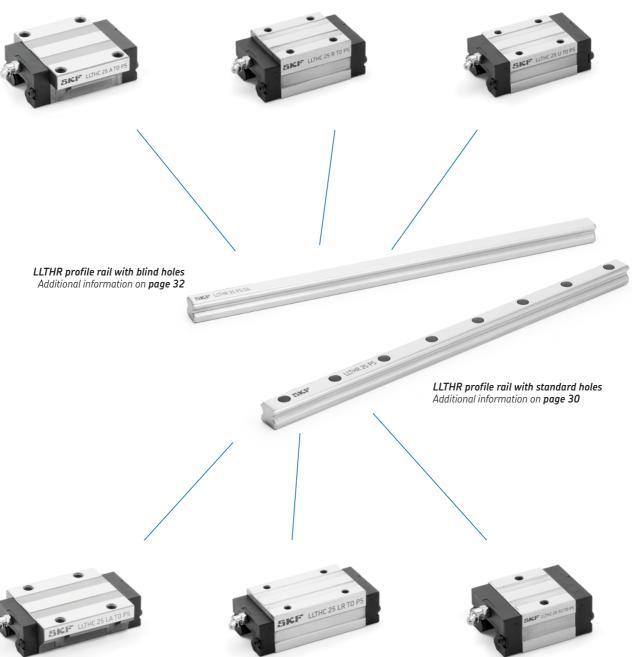


Product overview

LLTHC ... A
Flanged carriage, standard length, standard height
Further information on page 18

LLTHC ... R Slim-line carriage, standard length, extended height Further information on page 22

LLTHC ... U Slim-line carriage, standard length, standard height Further information on page 26



LLTHC ... LA
Flanged carriage, extended length, standard height
Further information on page 20

LLTHC ... LR Slim-line carriage, extended length, extended height Further information on page 24

LLTHC ... SUSlim-line carriage, short length, standard height Further information on **page 28**

Load rating

Definition of the basic dynamic load rating C

The radial load, constant in magnitude and direction, which a linear rolling bearing can in theory accommodate for a basic rating life represented by a travelled distance of 100 km (according to ISO 14728 Part 1).

Definition of the basic static load rating C_0

The static load in the direction of loading which corresponds to a calculated stress at the centre of the most heavily loaded contact point between the rolling element and each of the raceways of carriage and rail.

Note: This stress produces a permanent total deformation of the rolling element and the raceway which corresponds to about 0,0001 times the rolling element diameter (according to ISO 14728 Part 2).

Definition and calculation of the basic rating life

The basic rating life is the calculated life achievable with 90% reliability for a single rolling bearing or a group of seemingly identical rolling bearings operating under identical conditions, given the use of materials made of current manufacturer's quality under normal operating conditions.

Basic rating life at constant speed

The basic rating life L_{10} or L_{10h} can be calculated using formulae (1), (2) and (3):

(1)
$$L_{10} = \left(\frac{C}{P}\right)^3 \times 10^5$$

(2)
$$L_{10h} = \frac{L_{10}}{2 \text{ s n } 60}$$

Basic rating life at changing speed

(3)
$$L_{10h} = \frac{L_{10}}{60 \text{ v}_{m}}$$

(4)
$$v_m = \frac{t_1 v_1 + t_2 v_2 + ... + t_n v_n}{100}$$

where

 L_{10} = basic rating life [m] L_{10h} = basic rating life [h]

C = basic dynamic load rating [N]

P = equivalent load [N]
s = stroke length [m]
n = stroke frequency
[double strokes/min]

v_m = mean speed [m/min]

 $v_1, v_2 ... v_n = \text{travel speeds [m/min]}$ $t_1, t_2 ... t_n = \text{time proportions for}$

v₁, v₂ ... v_n [%]

The formulae for calculating the rating life of profile rail guides apply to a stroke length of $s \ge 2$ times the carriage length. At lower values the load rating is reduced. For additional information contact the SKF engineering service.

Equivalent dynamic bearing load for calculating the service life

For a number of forces which are of constant magnitude for a given stroke, the equivalent dynamic bearing load F_m can be obtained from formula (5):

(5)
$$F_m = \sqrt[3]{\frac{F_1^3 s_1 + F_2^3 s_2 + ... + F_n^3 s_n}{s}}$$

where

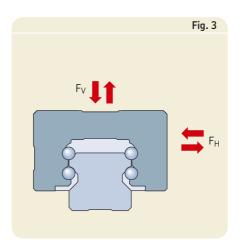
$$\begin{split} F_m &= \text{constant mean load [N]} \\ F_1, F_2 \dots F_n &= \text{constant loads during stroke} \\ &= \text{lengths } s_1, s_2, \dots, s_n [N] \\ s &= \text{total stroke length (s = } s_1 + s_2 \\ &+ \dots + s_n), \text{during which loads} \\ &F_1, F_2 \dots F_n \text{ have an effect [mm]} \end{split}$$

given a combined bearing load.

Note: The SKF calculation for determining dynamic load capacity and moments is based on 100 km. However, the values of other manufacturers are frequently based on only 50 km. When comparing values, multiply the C values for LLT rail guides by 1,26.

Equivalent bearing load

A linear guidance system is subjected to various loads during a travel cycle. In order to simplify calculations of life, these loads are summarized into one single load known as the equivalent bearing load.



Equivalent dynamic bearing load

For external loads – both vertical and horizontal (→ fig. 3) – the equivalent dynamic load F is calculated by means of formula (6). Formula (6) applies if a two rail system with four carriages is used.

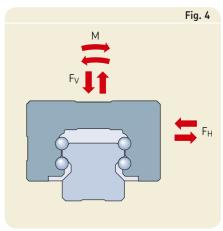
(6)
$$F = |F_V| + |F_H|$$

equivalent dynamic load [N]

where

F_V = external dynamic load, vertical [N] F_H = external dynamic load, horizontal [N]

Note: The design of the profile rail guide permits this simplified calculation. If different load stages exist for F_v and F_H , then F_v and F_H must be calculated individually using formula (5). An external load applied at any angle to the carriage must be divided into the proportions F_v and F_H . The amounts are then used in formula (6).



Combined equivalent dynamic bearing load

For external loads – both vertical and horizontal – in combination with a torsional moment, the equivalent dynamic load F can be calculated using formula (7) (\rightarrow fig. 4):

(7)
$$F = |F_V| + |F_H| + C \frac{|M|}{M_t}$$

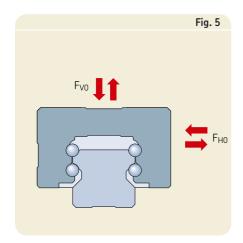
where

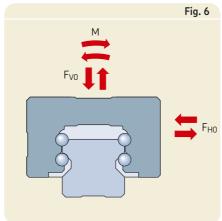
F = equivalent dynamic load [N]
F_V, F_H = external dynamic loads [N]
M = dynamic torsional moment [Nm]
C = basic dynamic load rating [N]
M_t = permissible dynamic moment [Nm]

Formula (7) applies for the following systems:

- one rail with one carriage
- two rails with one carriage each rail
- single rail with two carriages

Note: If different load stages exist for F_V and F_H , then F_V and F_H must be calculated individually using formula (5). An external load applied at any angle to the carriage must be divided into the proportions F_V and F_H . The amounts are then used in formula (7).





Equivalent static bearing load

For external static loads – both vertical and horizontal – the equivalent static load F_0 can be calculated using formula (8) (\rightarrow fig. 5).

The equivalent static load F_0 must not exceed the static load rating C_0 . Formula (8) applies if a two rail system with four carriages is used.

(8)
$$F_0 = |F_{V0}| + |F_{H0}|$$

equivalent static load [N]

where

 F_0 = equivalent static load [N] F_{V0} , F_{H0} = external static loads [N]

Note: An external load applied at any angle to the carriage must be divided into the proportions F_{V0} and F_{H0} . The amounts are then used in formula (8).

Combined equivalent static bearing load

For external loads – both vertical and horizontal – in combination with a static torsional moment, the equivalent static load F_0 can be calculated using formula (9) (\rightarrow fig. 6). The equivalent static load F_0 must not exceed the static load rating C_0 . Formula (9) applies if a single- or two-rail system with only one carriage per rail is used.

(9)
$$F_0 = |F_{V0}| + |F_{H0}| + C_0 \frac{|M_0|}{M_{t0}}$$

where

F₀ = equivalent static load [N]
F_{V0}, F_{H0} = external static loads [N]
M₀ = static torsional moment [Nm]
C₀ = basic static load rating [N]
M_{t0} = permissible static moment [Nm]

Note: An external load applied at any angle to the carriage must be divided into the proportions F_{V0} and F_{H0} . The amounts are then used in formula (9).

Static load safety factor

The static load safety factor s_0 (table 1) is required in order to avoid any impermissible permanent deformations of the running tracks and rolling elements. It is the ratio of the static load carrying capacity C_0 to the maximum load occurring $F_{0\,max}$ and is always determined using the highest amplitude, even if this is only of very short duration.

(10)
$$s_0 = C_0/F_{0 \text{ max}}$$

where

s₀ = static load safety factor C₀ = static load carrying capacity [N]

 $F_{0 \text{ max}} = \text{maximum static load } [N]$

	Table 1
Static safety factor s ₀	
Operating conditions	s ₀
Normal conditions	min. 2
Small vibrations or impact loads	> 2–4
Medium vibrations or impact loads	3–5
High vibrations or impact loads	> 5

Technical data

The general technical data applies to all the profile rail guides contained in this catalogue, including the carriages and rails. Special technical data is listed separately for the individual designs.

Speed

 $V_{max} = 3 \text{ m/s}$

Temperature resistance

 $t_{max} = 100 \, ^{\circ}C$

LLT rail guides can operate continuously at temperatures ranging from –20 to 80 °C. They can operate at temperatures up to 100 °C for brief periods only.

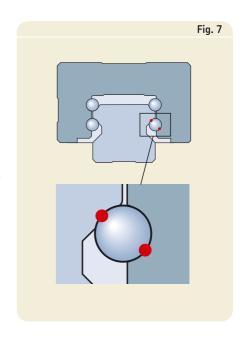
Lubrication

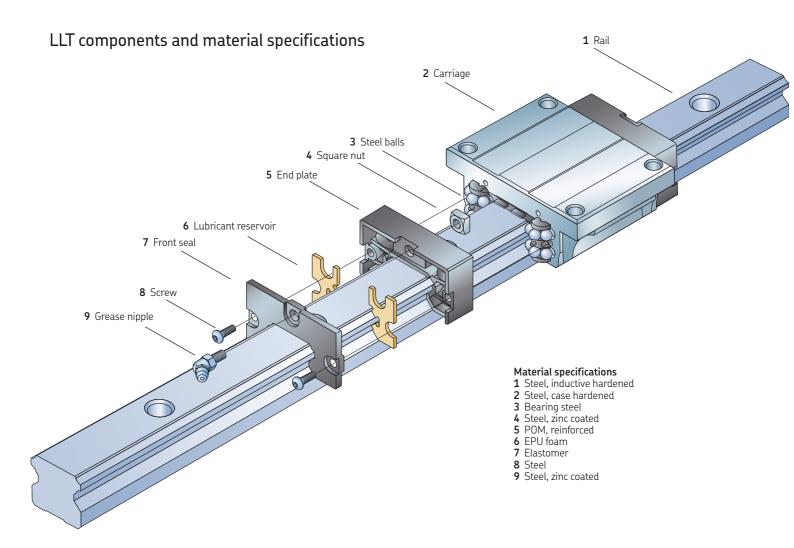
All carriages are factory pre-lubricated with SKF grease LGEP 2. For additional information, refer to chapter *Lubrication*, page 44.

Friction

The SKF design with 4 ball rows results in a two-point contact of each rolling element, regardless of the load direction. This reduces friction to a minimum (\rightarrow fig. 7).

The friction coefficient for LLT rail guides, without end seals, is approximately 0,003.





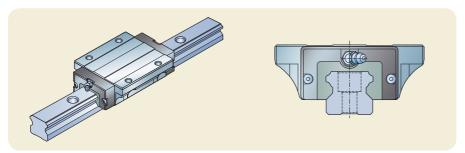
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Standard carriage components

Seals

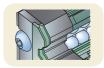
The ingress of dirt, swarf and liquids, as well as lubricant leakage can significantly reduce the service life of a profile rail guide system. SKF LLT profile rail guide carriages are

therefore supplied with front, side and inner seals as standard, which results in long life expectancy.



Front seal

Front seals are especially important since they provide protection for the carriage in the direction of movement. They are designed as double-lip seals in order to provide improved wiping properties.



Side seal

Side seals effectively prevent contaminants from working their way into the system from below. Seal design can deviate per size.



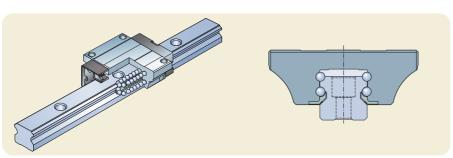
Inner sea

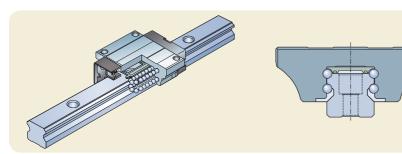
Inner seals are an additional means of protection against lubricant leakage. Seal design can deviate per size.

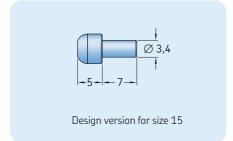


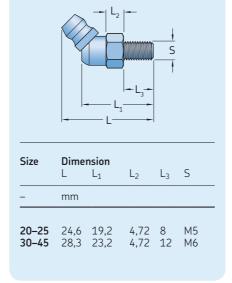
Grease nipple1)

Two lube ports with metal thread²⁾ are located on both front sides of each carriage. As standard, one grease nipple for manual relubrication is supplied along with the carriage, while the opposite side is secured by a set screw. The metal thread also enables the easy and reliable mounting of automatic lubricators.









- 1) If some accessories require longer grease nipples, they will be provided.
- 2) Grease nipples for size 15 are without thread.

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Preload classes

Relation of preload and stiffness

To adjust a profile rail guide to the specific demands of a given application, it is advisable to choose an appropriate preload. This will positively affect the operating behaviour of the entire linear guidance system. Preload increases the stiffness of linear guides and thus reduces the deviation under load.

Generation of preload

Preload in the carriage is determined by the diameter of the balls. The use of balls with a defined larger diameter generates a preload in the carriage. The chosen oversized ball determines the degree of preload.

The final preload will adjust after mounting the carriage onto the rail.

Preload classes

SKF LLT profile rail guides are manufactured in three different preload classes. For additional information refer to **table 2**.

Table 2

The preload should not amount to more than 1/3 of the bearing load F to avoid negative effects on the guide's service life.

Please refer to the chapter *Typical application areas*, **page 46** to find suitable preload suggestions for different fields of application.

Note: The basic load in the carriage resulting from the preload must be taken into consideration for the value C when calculating the service life:

 $C_{eff} = C_{dvn} - preload$

Example for a carriage of type 25 A with preload class T1:

 $C_{eff} = 18800 N - 0.02 C$ $C_{eff} = 18424 N$

Preload classes

TO - Zero preload (zero to light preload)

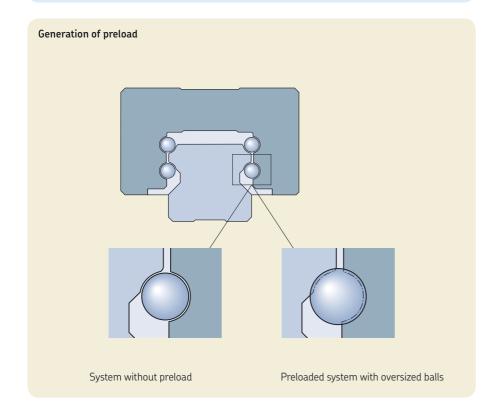
For extremely smooth-running rail guide systems with low friction and low external influences. This preload class is only available in P5 and P3 accuracy classes.

T1 - Light preload (2% of dynamic preload C)

For precise rail guide systems with low external load and high requirements for overall stiffness.

T2 - Medium preload (8% of dynamic preload C)

For precise rail guide systems with high external load and high requirements for overall stiffness, also recommended for single-rail systems. Above-average moment loads are absorbed without any significant elastic deformation. At only medium moment loads the overall stiffness is further improved.



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Accuracy classes

Accuracy

SKF manufactures its LLT profile rail guides in three accuracy classes. These accuracy classes define the maximum permissible tolerance range of a rail system in terms of height, width and parallelism. This choice determines the positioning accuracy of the system within the application. Please refer to **table 3** and the chapter *Typical application areas*, **page 46**, for further information.

Width and height accuracy

The width accuracy N determines the maximum lateral deviation of the carriage and the reference side of the rail in longitudinal direction. Both sides of the rail and the ground side of the carriage can be used as reference side.

The height accuracy H is measured between the mounting surface of the carriage and the ground bottom face of the rail. H and N are arithmetic mean values and refer to the centre of the carriage. They are measured at either the same position on the rail for Δ_H or Δ_N .

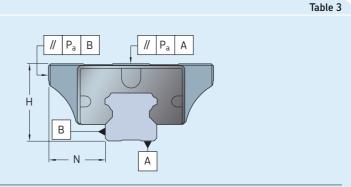
Parallelism

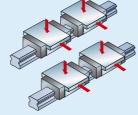
This refers to the parallelism tolerance between the two reference planes of rail and carriage when the carriage is moved along the entire rail length, the rail being screwed to the reference plane. Please refer to diagram 1 for detailed information.

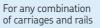
Combination of rails and carriages

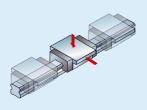
All carriages and rails of the same size and accuracy class (P5/P3) can be combined with each other while maintaining the initial accuracy class. They are fully interchangeable at any time. Mixed accuracy classes are possible.

Note: Accuracy class P1 can only be delivered as a complete system.



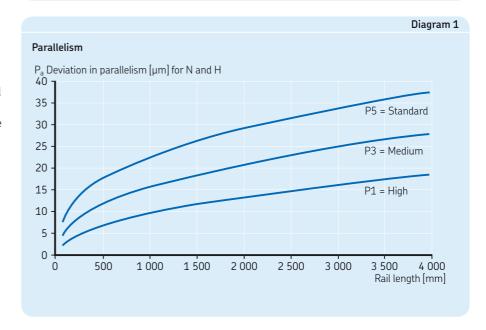




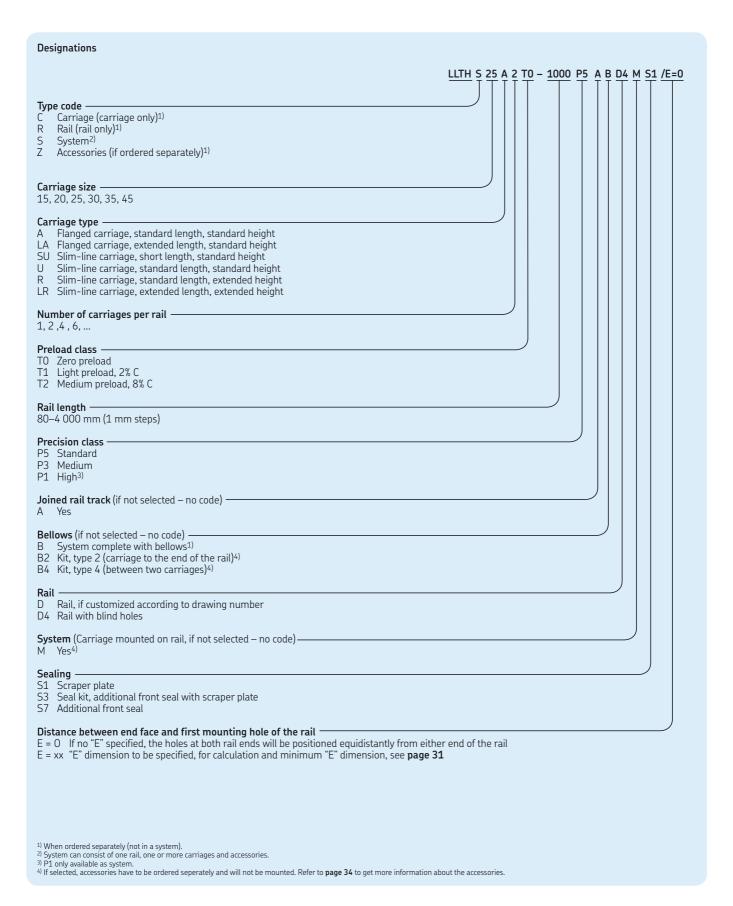


For different carriages on the same rail position

1) Measured at the centre of the carriage. 2) Values for one meter rail length.



Ordering key

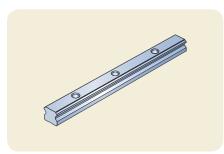


Ordering examples



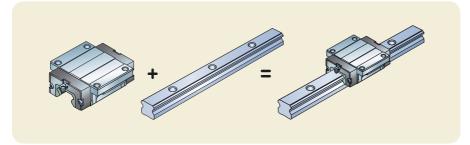
LLTHC 25 A TO P5

- Carriage
- size 25
- flanged carriage, standard length, standard height
- preload class T0
- accuracy class P5



LLTHR 25-200 P5 /E=0

- Rail
- size 25
- 200 mm length
- accuracy class P5
- standard "E" dimension (equidistantly)



LLTHS 25 A 1 TO-200 P5 /E=0

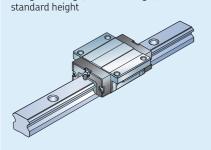
- System
- size 25
- with one flanged carriage, standard length, standard height
- preload class TO
- rail length 200 mm
- accuracy class P5
- standard "E" dimension (equidistantly)

Product data

Carriages

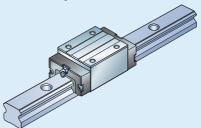
Pages 18-29

LLTHC ... A Flanged carriage, standard length,



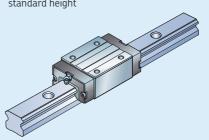
Size 1)	Load ratings C	C_0
_	N	
15	8 400	15 400
20	12 400	24 550
25	18 800	30 700
30	26 100	41 900
35	34 700	54 650
45	59 200	91 100

LLTHC ... R Slim-line carriage, standard length, extended height



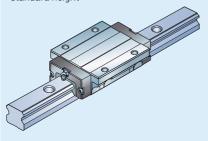
Size 1)	Load ratings	C_0		
_	N			
15	8 400	15 400		
20	-	-		
25	18 800	30 700		
30	26 100	41 900		
35	34 700	54 650		
45	59 200	91 100		

LLTHC ... U Slim-line carriage, standard length, standard height



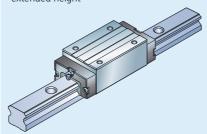
Size 1)	Load ratings C	C_0
_	N	
15	8 400	15 400
20	12 400	24 550
25	18 800	30 700
30	26 100	41 900
35	34 700	54 650
45	59 200	91 100

LLTHC ... LAFlanged carriage, extended length, standard height



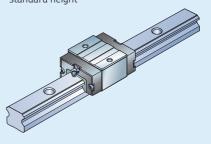
Size 1)	Load ratings C	C_0
-	N	
45		
15 20	- 24 400	- 35 200
25	30 400	45 500
30	40 000	57 800
35 45	55 600 90 400	81 000 128 500

LLTHC ... LRSlim-line carriage, extended length, extended height



Size 1)	Load ratings C	C_0
_	N	
15 20 25 30 35 45	- 24 400 30 400 40 000 55 600 90 400	- 35 200 45 500 57 800 81 000 128 500

LLTHC ... SUSlim-line carriage, short length, standard height



Size 1)	Load ratings C	C_0		
_	N			
15	5 800	9 000		
20	9 240	14 400		
25	13 500	19 600		
30	19 200	26 600		
35	25 500	34 800		
45	-	-		

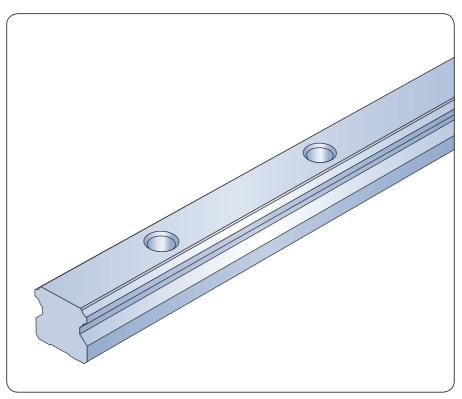
 $^{^{1)}\,}$ Front seal appearance can slightly deviate per size.

Rails

Pages 30-33

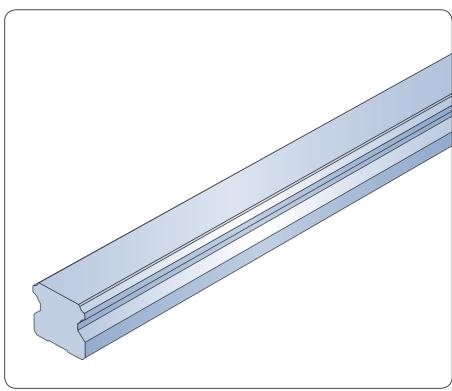
LLTHR rails

For mounting from above, supplied with protective plastic caps as standard.



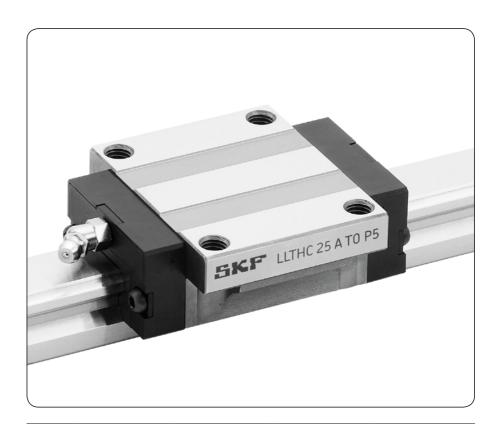
LLTHR ... D4 rails

With blind holes for mounting from below.



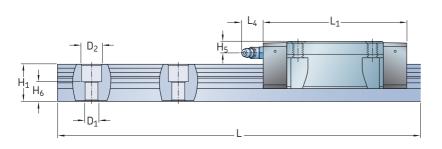
Carriage LLTHC ... A

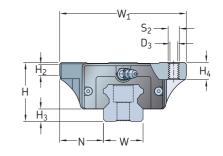
Flanged carriage, standard length, standard height

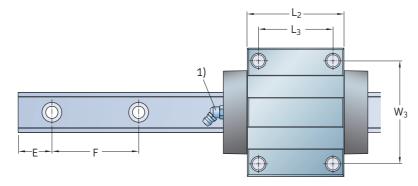


Size ¹⁾	Accuracy class ²⁾	Designation ³⁾ Preload class T0	T1	T2
_		-		
15	P5 P3 P1	LLTHC 15 A TO P5 LLTHC 15 A TO P3	LLTHC 15 A T1 P5 LLTHC 15 A T1 P3 LLTHC 15 A T1 P1	LLTHC 15 A T2 P5 LLTHC 15 A T2 P3 LLTHC 15 A T2 P1
20	P5 P3 • P1	LLTHC 20 A TO P5 LLTHC 20 A TO P3	LLTHC 20 A T1 P5 LLTHC 20 A T1 P3 LLTHC 20 A T1 P1	LLTHC 20 A T2 P5 LLTHC 20 A T2 P3 LLTHC 20 A T2 P1
25	P5 P3 • P1	LLTHC 25 A TO P5 LLTHC 25 A TO P3	LLTHC 25 A T1 P5 LLTHC 25 A T1 P3 LLTHC 25 A T1 P1	LLTHC 25 A T2 P5 LLTHC 25 A T2 P3 LLTHC 25 A T2 P1
30	P5 P3 • P1	LLTHC 30 A TO P5 LLTHC 30 A TO P3	LLTHC 30 A T1 P5 LLTHC 30 A T1 P3 LLTHC 30 A T1 P1	LLTHC 30 A T2 P5 LLTHC 30 A T2 P3 LLTHC 30 A T2 P1
35	P5 P3 • P1	LLTHC 35 A TO P5 LLTHC 35 A TO P3	LLTHC 35 A T1 P5 LLTHC 35 A T1 P3 LLTHC 35 A T1 P1	LLTHC 35 A T2 P5 LLTHC 35 A T2 P3 LLTHC 35 A T2 P1
45	P5 P3 ▶ P1	LLTHC 45 A TO P5 LLTHC 45 A TO P3	LLTHC 45 A T1 P5 LLTHC 45 A T1 P3 LLTHC 45 A T1 P1	LLTHC 45 A T2 P5 LLTHC 45 A T2 P3 LLTHC 45 A T2 P1

Front seal appearance can slightly deviate per size.
 P1 only available as system.
 Preferred range. For system designation please refer to designation system on page 14.







Size	ze Assembly dimensions						Carriage dimensions							
	W_1	N	Н	H ₂	H ₃	L ₁	L ₂	L ₃	L_4	W_3	H_4	H ₅	D_3	S ₂
_	mm													
15 20 25	47 63 70	16 21,5 23,5	24 30 36	5,9 6,9 11	4,6 5 7	62 72 82	40 50 57	30 40 45	4,3 15 16,6	38 53 57	8 9 12	4,3 5,7 6,5	4,3 5,2 6,7	M5 M6 M8
30 35 45	90 100 120	31 33 37,5	42 48 60	9 12,3 12,3	9 9,5 14	100,4 114 135	67,4 77 96	52 62 80	14,6 14,6 14,6	72 82 100	11,5 13 15	8 8 8,5	8,5 8,5 10,4	M10 M10 M12

Size	Rail	dimen	sions							Weight		Load rati	ngs	Moments		d	-4-4:-
	W	H ₁	H ₆	F	D_1	D ₂	E _{min} -0,75	E _{max} -0,75	L _{max} -1,5	carriag	e rall	С	C_0	dynamic M _C	static M _{Co}	dynamic M _{A/B}	static M _{Ao/Bo}
	mm									kg	kg/m	N		Nm			
15 20 25	15 20 23	14 18 22	8,5 9,3 12,3	60 60 60	4,5 6 7	7,5 9,5 11	10 10 10	50 50 50	3 920 3 920 3 920	0,21 0,4 0,57	1,4 2,3 3,3	8 400 12 400 18 800	15 400 24 550 30 700	56 112 194	103 221 316	49 90 155	90 179 254
30 35 45	28 34 45	26 29 38	13,8 17 20,8	80	9 9 14	14 14 20	12 12 16	70 70 90	3 944 3 944 3 917	1,1 1,6 2,7	4,8 6,6 11,3	26 100 34 700 59 200	41 900 54 650 91 100	329 535 1215	528 842 1869	256 388 825	410 611 1270

For detailed informations on grease nipples please refer to page 11.
 Dynamic load capacities and moments are based on a travel life of 100 km. Please refer to page 7 for further details.

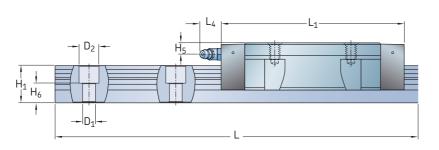
Carriage LLTHC ... LA

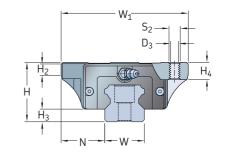
Flanged carriage, extended length, standard height

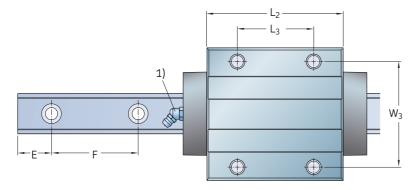


Size ¹⁾	Accuracy class ²⁾	Designation ³⁾ Preload class T0	T1	T2
_		_		
20	P5 P3 P1	LLTHC 20 LA TO P5 LLTHC 20 LA TO P3	LLTHC 20 LA T1 P5 LLTHC 20 LA T1 P3 LLTHC 20 LA T1 P1	LLTHC 20 LA T2 P5 LLTHC 20 LA T2 P3 LLTHC 20 LA T2 P1
25	P5 P3 P1	LLTHC 25 LA TO P5 LLTHC 25 LA TO P3	LLTHC 25 LA T1 P5 LLTHC 25 LA T1 P3 LLTHC 25 LA T1 P1	LLTHC 25 LA T2 P5 LLTHC 25 LA T2 P3 LLTHC 25 LA T2 P1
30	P5 P3 P1	LLTHC 30 LA TO P5 LLTHC 30 LA TO P3	LLTHC 30 LA T1 P5 LLTHC 30 LA T1 P3 LLTHC 30 LA T1 P1	LLTHC 30 LA T2 P5 LLTHC 30 LA T2 P3 LLTHC 30 LA T2 P1
35	P5 P3 P1	LLTHC 35 LA TO P5 LLTHC 35 LA TO P3	LLTHC 35 LA T1 P5 LLTHC 35 LA T1 P3 LLTHC 35 LA T1 P1	LLTHC 35 LA T2 P5 LLTHC 35 LA T2 P3 LLTHC 35 LA T2 P1
45 •	P5 P3 P1	LLTHC 45 LA TO P5 LLTHC 45 LA TO P3	LLTHC 45 LA T1 P5 LLTHC 45 LA T1 P3 LLTHC 45 LA T1 P1	LLTHC 45 LA T2 P5 LLTHC 45 LA T2 P3 LLTHC 45 LA T2 P1

Front seal appearance can slightly deviate per size.
 P1 only available as system.
 Preferred range. For system designation please refer to designation system on page 14.







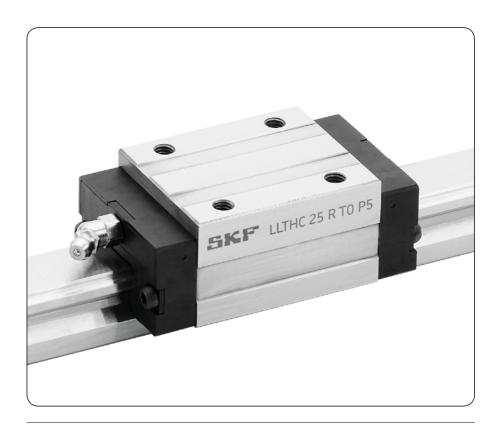
Size	Asseml	bly dimens	sions			Carriag	e dimensio	ons						
	W_1	N	Н	H ₂	H ₃	L ₁	L ₂	L ₃	L_4	W_3	H ₄	H ₅	D_3	S ₂
	mm													_
20 25	63 70	21,5 23,5	30 36	6,9 11	5 7	88,2 104,1	66,2 79,1	40 45	15 16,6	53 57	9 12	5,7 6,5	5,2 6,7	M6 M8
30 35 45	90 100 120	31 33 37,5	42 48 60	9 12,3 12,3	9 9,5 14	125,4 142,5 167	92,4 105,5 128	52 62 80	14,6 14,6 14,6	72 82 100	11,5 13 15	8 8 8,5	8,5 8,5 10,4	M10 M10 M12

Size	Rail	dimen	sions							Weight		Load rati	ngs	Moments dynamic	static	dynamic	static
	W	H ₁	H ₆	F	D_1	D ₂	E _{min} -0,75	E _{max} -0,75	L _{max} -1,5	carriag	е тап	С	C_0	M _C	M _{Co}	dynamic M _{A/B}	M _{Ao/Bo}
	mm									kg	kg/m	N		Nm			
20 25	20 23	18 22	9,3 12,3	60 60	6 7	9,5 11	10 10	50 50	3 920 3 920	0,52 0,72	2,3 3,3	15 200 24 400	32 700 44 600	137 252	295 460	150 287	322 525
30 35 45	28 34 45	26 29 38	13,8 17 20,8	80	9 9 14	14 14 20	12 12 16	70 70 90	3 944 3 944 3 917	1,4 2 3,6	4,8 6,6 11,3	33 900 45 000 72 400	60 800 79 400 121 400	428 694 1 485	767 1 224 2 491	466 706 1 376	836 1 246 2 308

For detailed informations on grease nipples please refer to page 11.
 Dynamic load capacities and moments are based on a travel life of 100 km. Please refer to page 7 for further details.

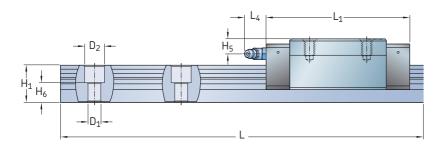
Carriage LLTHC ... R

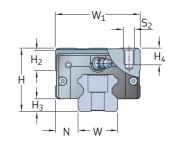
Slim-line carriage, standard length, extended height

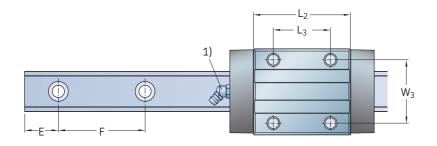


Size ¹⁾	Accuracy class ²⁾	Designation ³⁾ Preload class TO	T1	T2
_		_		
15	P5 P3 P1	LLTHC 15 R TO P5 LLTHC 15 R TO P3	LLTHC 15 R T1 P5 LLTHC 15 R T1 P3 LLTHC 15 R T1 P1	LLTHC 15 R T2 P5 LLTHC 15 R T2 P3 LLTHC 15 R T2 P1
25	P5 P3 P1	LLTHC 25 R TO P5 LLTHC 25 R TO P3	LLTHC 25 R T1 P5 LLTHC 25 R T1 P3 LLTHC 25 R T1 P1	LLTHC 25 R T2 P5 LLTHC 25 R T2 P3 LLTHC 25 R T2 P1
30	P5 P3 P1	LLTHC 30 R TO P5 LLTHC 30 R TO P3	LLTHC 30 R T1 P5 LLTHC 30 R T1 P3 LLTHC 30 R T1 P1	LLTHC 30 R T2 P5 LLTHC 30 R T2 P3 LLTHC 30 R T2 P1
35	P5 P3 P1	LLTHC 35 R TO P5 LLTHC 35 R TO P3	LLTHC 35 R T1 P5 LLTHC 35 R T1 P3 LLTHC 35 R T1 P1	LLTHC 35 R T2 P5 LLTHC 35 R T2 P3 LLTHC 35 R T2 P1
45	P5 P3 P1	LLTHC 45 R TO P5 LLTHC 45 R TO P3	LLTHC 45 R T1 P5 LLTHC 45 R T1 P3 LLTHC 45 R T1 P1	LLTHC 45 R T2 P5 LLTHC 45 R T2 P3 LLTHC 45 R T2 P1

Front seal appearance can slightly deviate per size.
 P1 only available as system.
 Preferred range. For system designation please refer to designation system on page 14.







Size	Assem	oly dimensi	ons			Carriage	e dimensio	ns					
	W_1	N	Н	H ₂	H ₃	L ₁	L ₂	L ₃	L ₄	W_3	H ₄	H_5	S ₂
_	mm												_
15 25	34 48	9,5 12,5	28 40	7,8 12,2	4,6 7	62 82	40 57	26 35	15 16,6	26 35	7,5 10	8,3 11,2	M4 M6
30 35 45	60 70 86	16 18 20,5	45 55 70	14,3 18 20,9	9 9,5 14	100,4 114 135	67,4 77 96	40 50 60	14,6 14,6 14,6	40 50 60	11,2 17 20,5	11 15 18,5	M8 M8 M10

Size	Rail	dimen	sions							Weight		Load rati	ngs	Moments		dunamic	ctatic
	W	H ₁	H ₆	F	D_1	D ₂	E _{min} -0,75	E _{max} -0,75	L _{max} -1,5	carriag	e raii	С	C_0	dynamic M _C	static M _{Co}	dynamic M _{A/B} 49 155 256	static M _{Ao/Bo}
	mm						mm			kg	kg/m	N		Nm			
15 25	15 23	14 22	8,5 12,3	60 60	4,5 7	7,5 11	10 10	50 50	3 920 3 920	0,19 0,45	1,4 3,3	8 400 18 800	15 400 30 700	56 194	103 316		90 254
30 35 45	28 34 45	26 29 38	13,8 17 20,8	80	9 9 14	14 14 20	12 12 16	70 70 90	3 944 3 944 3 917	0,91 1,5 2,3	4,8 6,6 11,3	26 100 34 700 59 200	41 900 54 650 91 100	329 535 1 215	528 842 1 869	256 388 825	410 611 1 270

For detailed informations on grease nipples please refer to page 11.
 Dynamic load capacities and moments are based on a travel life of 100 km. Please refer to page 7 for further details.

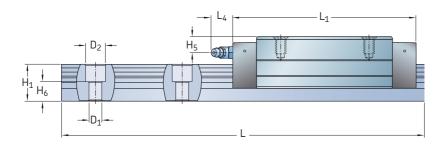
Carriage LLTHC ... LR

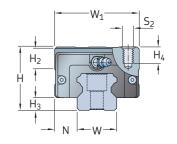
Slim-line carriage, extended length, extended height

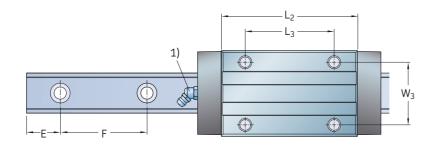


Size ¹⁾	Accuracy class ²⁾	Designation ³⁾ Preload class T0	T1	T2
_		_		
20	P5 P3 P1	LLTHC 20 LR TO P5 LLTHC 20 LR TO P3	LLTHC 20 LR T1 P5 LLTHC 20 LR T1 P3 LLTHC 20 LR T1 P1	LLTHC 20 LR T2 P5 LLTHC 20 LR T2 P3 LLTHC 20 LR T2 P1
25	P5 P3 P1	LLTHC 25 LR TO P5 LLTHC 25 LR TO P3	LLTHC 25 LR T1 P5 LLTHC 25 LR T1 P3 LLTHC 25 LR T1 P1	LLTHC 25 LR T2 P5 LLTHC 25 LR T2 P3 LLTHC 25 LR T2 P1
30	P5 P3 P1	LLTHC 30 LR TO P5 LLTHC 30 LR TO P3	LLTHC 30 LR T1 P5 LLTHC 30 LR T1 P3 LLTHC 30 LR T1 P1	LLTHC 30 LR T2 P5 LLTHC 30 LR T2 P3 LLTHC 30 LR T2 P1
35	P5 P3 P1	LLTHC 35 LR TO P5 LLTHC 35 LR TO P3	LLTHC 35 LR T1 P5 LLTHC 35 LR T1 P3 LLTHC 35 LR T1 P1	LLTHC 35 LR T2 P5 LLTHC 35 LR T2 P3 LLTHC 35 LR T2 P1
45 •	P5 P3 P1	LLTHC 45 LR TO P5 LLTHC 45 LR TO P3	LLTHC 45 LR T1 P5 LLTHC 45 LR T1 P3 LLTHC 45 LR T1 P1	LLTHC 45 LR T2 P5 LLTHC 45 LR T2 P3 LLTHC 45 LR T2 P1

Front seal appearance can slightly deviate per size.
 P1 only available as system.
 Preferred range. For system designation please refer to designation system on page 14.







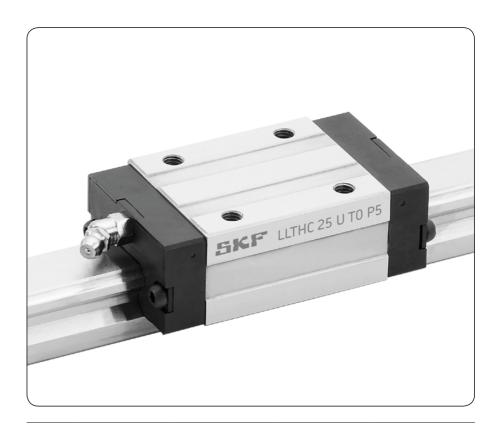
Size	Assem	oly dimensi	ons			Carriage	e dimension	าร					
	W_1	N	Н	H ₂	H ₃	L ₁	L ₂	L ₃	L_4	W_3	H ₄	H ₅	S ₂
_	mm												
20 25	44 48	12 12,5	30 40	8,3 12,2	5 7	88,2 104,1	66,2 79,1	50 50	15 16,6	32 35	6,5 10	5,7 10,5	M5 M6
30 35 45	60 70 86	16 18 20,5	45 55 70	14,3 18 20,9	9 9,5 14	125,4 142,5 167	92,4 105,5 128	60 72 80	14,6 14,6 14,6	40 50 60	11,2 17 20,5	12 19 24,5	M8 M8 M10

Size	Rail	dimen	sions							Weight		Load rati	ngs	Moments			
	W	H ₁	H ₆	F	D_1	D ₂	E _{min} -0,75	E _{max} -0,75	L _{max} -1,5	carriag	e rail	С	C_0	dynamic M _C	static M _{Co}	dynamic M _{A/B} 150 287	static M _{Ao/Bo}
	mm									kg	kg/m	N		Nm			
20 25	20 23	18 22	9,3 12,3	60 60	6 7	9,5 11	10 10	50 50	3 920 3 920	0,47 0,56	2,3 3,3	15 200 24 400	32 700 44 600	137 252	295 460		322 525
30 35 45	28 34 45	26 29 38	13,8 17 20,8	80	9 9 14	14 14 20	12 12 16	70 70 90	3 944 3 944 3 917	1,2 1,9 2,8	4,8 6,6 11,3	33 900 45 000 72 400	60 800 79 400 121 400	428 694 1 485	767 1 224 2 491	466 706 1 376	836 1 246 2 308

For detailed informations on grease nipples please refer to page 11.
 Dynamic load capacities and moments are based on a travel life of 100 km. Please refer to page 7 for further details.

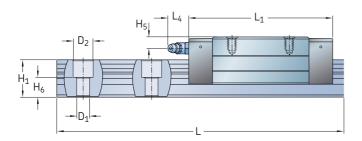
Carriage LLTHC ... U

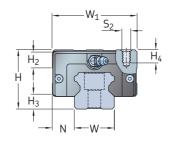
Slim-line carriage, standard length, standard height

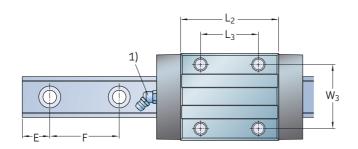


Size ¹⁾	Accuracy class ²⁾	Designation ³⁾ preload class TO	T1	T2
_		_		
15	P5 P3 P1	LLTHC 15 U TO P5 LLTHC 15 U TO P3	LLTHC 15 U T1 P5 LLTHC 15 U T1 P3 LLTHC 15 U T1 P1	LLTHC 15 U T2 P5 LLTHC 15 U T2 P3 LLTHC 15 U T2 P1
20	P5 P3 • P1	LLTHC 20 U TO P5 LLTHC 20 U TO P3	LLTHC 20 U T1 P5 LLTHC 20 U T1 P3 LLTHC 20 U T1 P1	LLTHC 20 U T2 P5 LLTHC 20 U T2 P3 LLTHC 20 U T2 P1
25	P5 P3 • P1	LLTHC 25 U TO P5 LLTHC 25 U TO P3	LLTHC 25 U T1 P5 LLTHC 25 U T1 P3 LLTHC 25 U T1 P1	LLTHC 25 U T2 P5 LLTHC 25 U T2 P3 LLTHC 25 U T2 P1
30	P5 P3 • P1	LLTHC 30 U TO P5 LLTHC 30 U TO P3	LLTHC 30 U T1 P5 LLTHC 30 U T1 P3 LLTHC 30 U T1 P1	LLTHC 30 U T2 P5 LLTHC 30 U T2 P3 LLTHC 30 U T2 P1
35	P5 P3 ▶ P1	LLTHC 35 U TO P5 LLTHC 35 U TO P3	LLTHC 35 U T1 P5 LLTHC 35 U T1 P3 LLTHC 35 U T1 P1	LLTHC 35 U T2 P5 LLTHC 35 U T2 P3 LLTHC 35 U T2 P1
45	P5 P3 ▶ P1	LLTHC 45 U TO P5 LLTHC 45 U TO P3	LLTHC 45 U T1 P5 LLTHC 45 U T1 P3 LLTHC 45 U T1 P1	LLTHC 45 U T2 P5 LLTHC 45 U T2 P3 LLTHC 45 U T2 P1

Front seal appearance can slightly deviate per size.
 P1 only available as system.
 Preferred range. For system designation please refer to designation system on page 14.







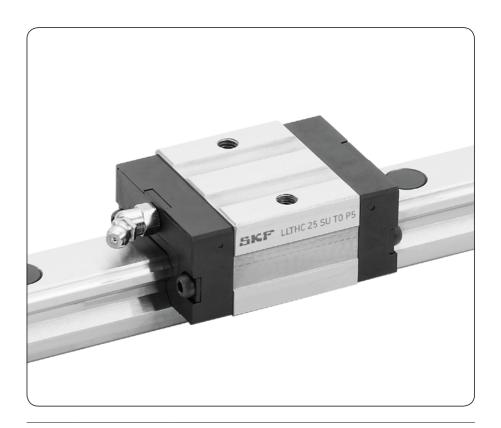
Size	Assem	bly dimensi	ons			Carriago	e dimensio	ns					
	W_1	N	Н	H_2	H ₃	L ₁	L ₂	L ₃	L_4	W_3	H ₄	H_5	S_2
-	mm												_
15 20 25	34 44 48	9,5 12 12,5	24 30 36	4,2 8,3 8,2	4,6 5 7	62 72 82	40 50 57	26 36 35	4,3 15 16,6	26 32 35	3,8 6,5 6,5	4,3 5,7 6,5	M4 M5 M6
30 35 45	60 70 86	16 18 20,5	42 48 60	11,3 11 10,9	9 9,5 14	100,4 114 135	67,4 77 96	40 50 60	14,6 14,6 14,6	40 50 60	8,5 10 12	8 8 8,5	M8 M8 M10

Size	Rail W	dimen	H ₆	F	D_1	D ₂	E _{min} -0,75	E _{max} -0,75	L _{max} -1,5	Weight carriage		Load rati	ngs C ₀	Moments dynamic M _C	static M _{Co}	dynamic M _{A/B}	static M _{Ao/Bo}
_	mm				Ø		mm			kg	kg/m	N		Nm			
15	15	14	8,5	60	4,5	7,5	10	50	3 920	0,17	1,4	8 400	15 400	56	103	49	90
20	20	18	9,3	60	6	9,5	10	50	3 920	0,26	2,3	12 400	24 550	112	221	90	179
25	23	22	12,3	60	7	11	10	50	3 920	0,38	3,3	18 800	30 700	194	316	155	254
30	28	26	13,8	80	9	14	12	70	3 944	0,81	4,8	26 100	41 900	329	528	256	410
35	34	29	17		9	14	12	70	3 944	1,2	6,6	34 700	54 650	535	842	388	611
45	45	38	20,8		14	20	16	90	3 917	2,1	11,3	59 200	91 100	1 215	1 869	825	1 270

For detailed informations on grease nipples please refer to page 11.
 Dynamic load capacities and moments are based on a travel life of 100 km. Please refer to page 7 for further details.

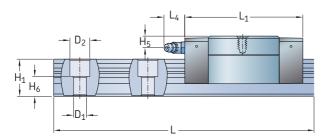
Carriage LLTHC ... SU

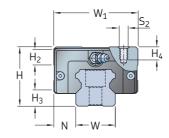
Slim-line carriage, short length, standard height

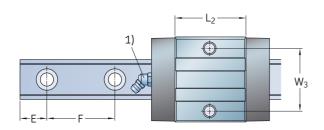


Size ¹⁾	Accuracy class ²⁾	Designation ³⁾ preload class TO	T1
_		-	
15	P5 P3 P1	LLTHC 15 SU TO P5 LLTHC 15 SU TO P3	LLTHC 15 SU T1 P5 LLTHC 15 SU T1 P3 LLTHC 15 SU T1 P1
20	P5 P3 P1	LLTHC 20 SU TO P5 LLTHC 20 SU TO P3	LLTHC 20 SU T1 P5 LLTHC 20 SU T1 P3 LLTHC 20 SU T1 P1
25	P5 P3 P1	LLTHC 25 SU TO P5 LLTHC 25 SU TO P3	LLTHC 25 SU T1 P5 LLTHC 25 SU T1 P3 LLTHC 25 SU T1 P1
30	P5 P3 P1	LLTHC 30 SU TO P5 LLTHC 30 SU TO P3	LLTHC 30 SU T1 P5 LLTHC 30 SU T1 P3 LLTHC 30 SU T1 P1
35	P5 P3 P1	LLTHC 35 SU TO P5 LLTHC 35 SU TO P3	LLTHC 35 SU T1 P5 LLTHC 35 SU T1 P3 LLTHC 35 SU T1 P1

Front seal appearance can slightly deviate per size.
 P1 only available as system.
 Preferred range. For system designation please refer to designation system on page 14.







Size	Assemb	oly dimensio	ns			Carriag	e dimensior	ıs				
	W_1	N	Н	H ₂	H ₃	L ₁	L ₂	L_4	W_3	H ₄	H ₅	S ₂
_	mm											_
15 20 25	34 44 48	9,5 12 12,5	24 30 36	4,2 8,3 8,2	4,6 5 7	47,6 54,1 63,8	25,6 32,1 38,8	4,3 15 16,6	26 32 35	3,8 6,5 6,5	4,3 5,7 6,5	M4 M5 M6
30 35	60 70	16 18	42 48	11,3 11	9 9,5	78 88,4	45 51,4	14,6 14,6	40 50	8,5 10	8 8	M8 M8

Size	Rail	dimen	sions					Weight		Load rati	Load ratings		static	dynamic	static		
	W	H ₁	F	D_1	D ₂	H ₆	E _{min} -0,75	E _{max} -0,75		curriage	e rail	С	C_0	dynamic M _C	M _{Co}	M _{A/B}	M _{Ao/Bo}
	mm									kg	kg/m	N		Nm			
15 20 25	15 20 23	14 18 22	60 60 60	4,5 6 7	7,5 9,5 11	8,5 9,3 12,3	10 10 10	50 50 50	3 920 3 920 3 920	0,1 0,17 0,21	1,4 2,3 3,3	5 800 9 240 13 500	9 000 14 400 19 600	39 83 139	60 130 202	21 41 73	32 64 106
30 35	28 34	26 29	80 80	9	14 14	13,8 17	12 12	70 70	3 944 3 944	0,48 0,8	4,8 6,6	19 200 25 500	26 600 34 800	242 393	335 536	120 182	166 248

For detailed informations on grease nipples please refer to page 11.
 Dynamic load capacities and moments are based on a travel life of 100 km. Please refer to page 7 for further details.

LLTHR rails

For mounting from above, supplied with protective plastic caps as standard.

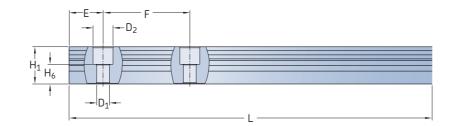
Note: If a rail length is required that exceeds the maximum length available, joined rails can be ordered. These rails are manufactured to match seamlessly to each other.



Standard rail size		Accuracy class ¹⁾	Designations ²⁾ One-piece rail	Multi–piece rail	Pitch F
_		_	-		mm
15	•	P5 P3 P1	LLTHR 15 P5 LLTHR 15 P3 LLTHR 15 P1	LLTHR 15 P5 A LLTHR 15 P3 A LLTHR 15 P1 A	60
20	•	P5 P3 P1	LLTHR 20 P5 LLTHR 20 P3 LLTHR 20 P1	LLTHR 20 P5 A LLTHR 20 P3 A LLTHR 20 P1 A	60
25	•	P5 P3 P1	LLTHR 25 P5 LLTHR 25 P3 LLTHR 25 P1	LLTHR 25 P5 A LLTHR 25 P3 A LLTHR 25 P1 A	60
30	•	P5 P3 P1	LLTHR 30 P5 LLTHR 30 P3 LLTHR 30 P1	LLTHR 30 P5 A LLTHR 30 P3 A LLTHR 30 P1 A	80
35	•	P5 P3 P1	LLTHR 35 P5 LLTHR 35 P3 LLTHR 35 P1	LLTHR 35 P5 A LLTHR 35 P3 A LLTHR 35 P1 A	80
45	•	P5 P3 P1	LLTHR 45 P5 LLTHR 45 P3 LLTHR 45 P1	LLTHR 45 P5 A LLTHR 45 P3 A LLTHR 45 P1 A	105

 $^{^{1)}}$ \blacktriangleright P1 only available as system. $^{2)}$ \blacksquare Preferred range, replace "..." by rail length in mm, e. g. LLTHR 15 - 1000 P5





Size	Dimensions											
	W	H ₁	H ₆	D_1	D_2	E _{min} -0,75	E _{max} -0,75	F	L _{max} -1,5			
_	mm									kg/m		
15 20 25	15 20 23	14 18 22	8,5 9,3 12,3	4,5 6 7	7,5 9,5 11	10 10 10	50 50 50	60 60 60	3 920 3 920 3 920	1,4 2,3 3,3		
30 35 45	28 34 45	26 29 38	13,8 17 20,8	9 9 14	14 14 20	12 12 16	70 70 90	80 80 105	3 944 3 944 3 917	4,8 6,6 11,3		

The "E" dimension designates the distance from the rail end to centre of the first attachment hole. If no customerspecific "E" dimension is provided with the order, the rails are produced according to the following formulae:

$$z^* = \frac{L}{F}$$

$$=\frac{L-zF}{2}$$

where

E = Rail end dimension

F = Distance of attachment holes

L = Rail length

z = Number of attachment holes

The distance of the first and last attachment holes is produced equidistantly.

^{*}round result down to next integer

LLTHR ... D4 rails

For mounting from below.

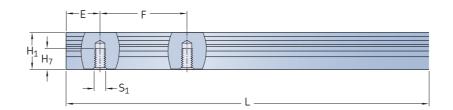
Note: If a rail length is required that exceeds the maximum length available, joined rails can be ordered. These rails are manufactured to match seamlessly to each other.



Standard rail size	Accuracy class ¹⁾	Designations ²⁾ One-piece rail	Multi–piece rail	Pitch F
_	_	-		mm
15	P5 D4 P3 D4 P1 D4	LLTHR 15 P5 D4 LLTHR 15 P3 D4 LLTHR 15 P1 D4	LLTHR 15 P5 A D4 LLTHR 15 P3 A D4 LLTHR 15 P1 A D4	60
20	P5 D4 P3 D4 P1 D4	LLTHR 20 P5 D4 LLTHR 20 P3 D4 LLTHR 20 P1 D4	LLTHR 20 P5 A D4 LLTHR 20 P3 A D4 LLTHR 20 P1 A D4	60
25	P5 D4 P3 D4 P1 D4	LLTHR 25 P5 D4 LLTHR 25 P3 D4 LLTHR 25 P1 D4	LLTHR 25 P5 A D4 LLTHR 25 P3 A D4 LLTHR 25 P1 A D4	60
30	P5 D4 P3 D4 P1 D4	LLTHR 30 P5 D4 LLTHR 30 P3 D4 LLTHR 30 P1 D4	LLTHR 30 P5 A D4 LLTHR 30 P3 A D4 LLTHR 30 P1 A D4	80
35	P5 D4 P3 D4 P1 D4	LLTHR 35 P5 D4 LLTHR 35 P3 D4 LLTHR 35 P1 D4	LLTHR 35 P5 A D4 LLTHR 35 P3 A D4 LLTHR 35 P1 A D4	80
45	P5 D4 P3 D4 P1 D4	LLTHR 45 P5 D4 LLTHR 45 P3 D4 LLTHR 45 P1 D4	LLTHR 45 P5 A D4 LLTHR 45 P3 A D4 LLTHR 45 P1 A D4	105

 ^{1) ▶} P1 only available as system.
 2) ■ Preferred range, replace "..." by rail length





Size	Dimensions											
	W	H_1	H ₇	S_1	E _{min} -0,75	E _{max} -0,75	F	L _{max} -1,5				
	mm								kg/m			
15 20 25	15 20 23	14 18 22	8 10 12	M5 M6 M6	10 10 10	50 50 50	60 60 60	3 920 3 920 3 920	1,4 2,4 3,4			
30 35 45	28 34 45	26 29 38	15 17 24	M8 M8 M12	12 12 16	70 70 90	80 80 105	3 944 3 944 3 917	5,0 6,8 11,8			

The "E" dimension designates the distance from the rail end to centre of the first attachment hole. If no customerspecific "E" dimension is provided with the order, the rails are produced according to the following formulae:

$$z^* = \frac{L}{F}$$

$$=\frac{L-zF}{2}$$

where

E = Rail end dimension

F = Distance of attachment holes

L = Rail length

z = Number of attachment holes

The distance of the first and last attachment holes is produced equidistantly.

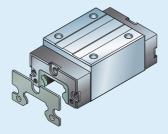
^{*}round result down to next integer

Accessories

Accessories

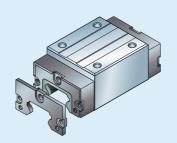
Item name Illustration¹⁾ Purpose

Scraper plate



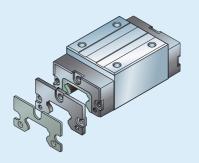
Scraper plates are spring-steel, non-contact components. They protect the front seal from, for example, coarse contaminants or hot metal chips.

Additional front seal



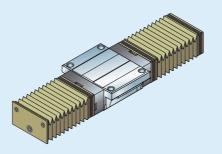
Additional front seals are contact seals that can be attached to the carriage end faces. They are single-lip seals consisting of special heavy-duty material and offer additional protection against liquids and smaller contaminants.

Seal kit



The seal kit consists of a metal scraper and an additional front seal. It is intended for applications involving exposure to coarse and fine dirt as well as liquids.

Bellows



Bellows protect the entire system against solid and liquid contaminants from above. They are suitable for highly contaminated environments like machining centres in the woodworking and metals industries.

1) Illustrations show size 35. Appearance can vary slightly depending on the size.

Scraper plate

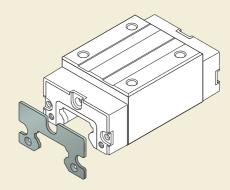
- Material: spring steel according to DIN EN 10088
- Appearance: black
- Designed with a specified maximum gap of 0,2 to 0,3 mm

Mounting

Mounting screws are supplied as standard. When mounting, be sure there is an even space between the rail and scraper plate.

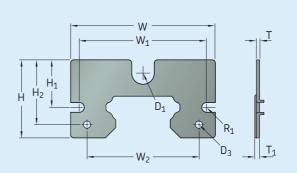
Note: Can be ordered in combination with an additional front seal as a kit, using the designation LLTHZ ... S3.

Scraper plate



Illustrations show size 35. Appearance can vary slightly depending on the size.

Scraper plate



Size	Part designation	Dime r D ₁	nsion: D ₃ 1)	-	W	W_1	W ₂	Н	H ₁	H ₂	Т	T ₁ max
	_	mm										
15	LLTHZ 15 S1	6	-	1,75	31,6	25,8	-	18,5	12	-	1,5	1,8
20	LLTHZ 20 S1	10	-	1,75	42,6	35	-	24,2	14,8	-		1,8
25	LLTHZ 25 S1	10	-	2,25	46,6	39,6	-	27,7	16,8	-		1,8
30	LLTHZ 30 S1	10,4	-	1,75	57	50	-	30,4	19,3	-		1,8
35	LLTHZ 35 S1	10,4	3,4	2,25	67,3	59,2	52	36,3	22,1	30,1		1,8
45	LLTHZ 45 S1	12	3,4	2,75	83,3	72	67	44,2	27,5	38,3		1,8

 $^{1)}\,\mbox{lf}$ longer grease nipple and screws are needed, they are included.

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Additional front seal

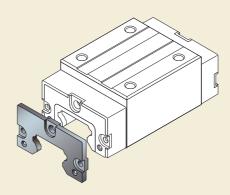
Material: ElastomerDesign: single-lip seal

Mounting

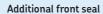
Mounting screws are supplied as standard.

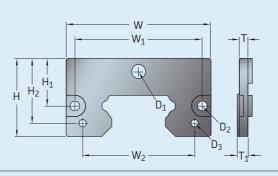
Note: Can be ordered in combination with a scraper plate as a kit, using the designation LLTHZ ... S3.

Front seal



Illustrations show size 35. Appearance can vary slightly depending on the size.





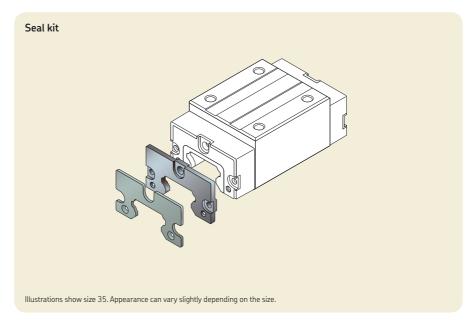
Size	Part designation		ensio D ₂	ns D ₃ 1)	W	W_1	W ₂	Н	H ₁	H ₂	Т	T ₁
	-	mm										
15 20 25	LLTHZ 15 S7 LLTHZ 20 S7 LLTHZ 25 S7	5,5	3,4 3,4 4,5	-		25,8 35 39,6	- - -	18,5 24,2 27,7	12 14,8 16,8	- - -	3 3 3	4 4 4
30 35 45	LLTHZ 30 S7 LLTHZ 35 S7 LLTHZ 45 S7	6,5	4,5	- ,	67.3	50 59,2 72	- 52 67	31,6 36,3 44,2	19.3 22,1 27,5	- 30,1 38,3	4 4 4	5 5 5

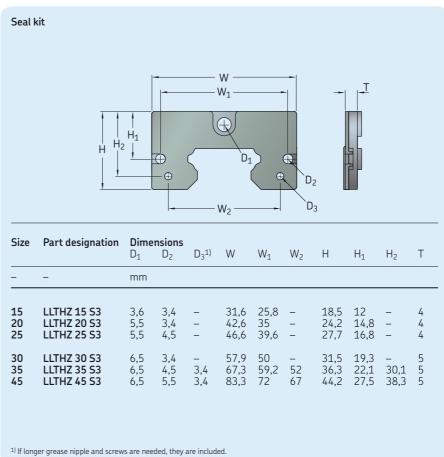
 $^{1)}\,\mbox{lf}$ longer grease nipple and screws are needed, they are included.

Seal kit

The seal kit consists of the following components:

- Scraper plate
- Additional front seal





Bellows

Temperature resistance

 $t_{max} = 90$ °C.

During continuous operation the allowed temperature range is from –20 to 80 °C. Special materials for higher temperature resistance are available on request.

Material

Bellows are made of polyester fabric with a polyurethane coating. Adapter plates are made of aluminium.

Bellows kit contents (\rightarrow fig. 1)

- 1 Adapter plate
- 2 Grease nipple
- 3 Sealing ring
- 4 Set screw
- **5** Mounting screws
- 6 Hook-and-loop fastener
- 7 Bellows with all plates pre-assembled.

Note: rail ends need to be prepared with threaded holes.

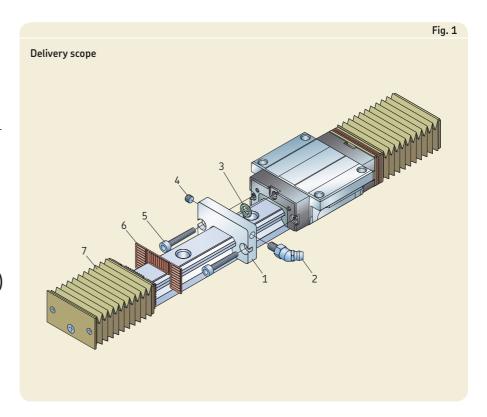


			Table 1
Bellows designati	ons ¹⁾		
			
Size	Type 2 with fastening plate for the carriage and end plate for the rail	Type 4 with two fastening plates for the carriages	Type 9 loose bellows (spare part)
-	-		
15 20 25	LLTHB 15 B2 LLTHB 20 B2 LLTHB 25 B2	LLTHB 15 B4 LLTHB 20 B4 LLTHB 25 B4	LLTHB 15 LLTHB 20 LLTHB 25
30 35 45	LLTHB 30 B2 LLTHB 35 B2 LLTHB 45 B2	LLTHB 30 B4 LLTHB 35 B4 LLTHB 45 B4	LLTHB 30 LLTHB 35 LLTHB 45
¹⁾ Replace "" by number	of folds per bellow.		

Table 2

Mounting

The bellows are partly pre-assembled. The mounting screws are supplied.

Note: Prior to mounting, the grease nipples on the carriage must be removed.

For bellow arrangement type 2 (\rightarrow table 1) the end faces of the rails have to be equipped with threaded fixation holes.

Calculation of the bellows type 2

$$n = \frac{L - L_A}{W_{4 \min} + W_{4 \max}} + 2$$

Calculation of the rail length

$$L = (n-2)(W_{4 min} + W_{4 max}) + L_A$$

 $L_{min} = n W_{4 min}$ $L_{max} = n W_{4 max}$ Stroke = $n S_F$

where

= Carriage length L₁ (please refer to the dimension tables of the carriages) plus 2 · 11,2 mm for the adapter plates.

= Rail length [mm] = Bellows stretched

= Bellow pushed together

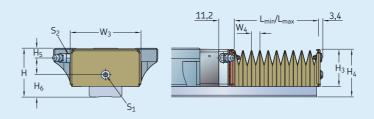
= total number of folds per carriage

 W_4 = maximum and minimum extension per fold

Stroke = Stroke [mm]

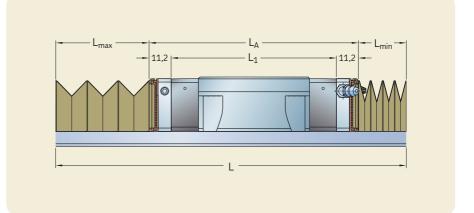
= Stroke per fold (→ table 2)

Dimensions of the bellows



Size	Dimo W ₃	ension H ¹⁾	H ²⁾	H ₃	H ₄	H ₅	H ₆	S ₁	S ₂	W _{4 min}	W _{4 max}	S _F
	mm											-
15	32	24	28	18,9	23,5	3,8	8,8	M4	M5	2,5	9,6	7,1
20	43	30	30	24,5	29,5	5,2	12	M4	M5	2,5	12	9,5
25	47	36	40	28	35	5,5	15,5	M4	M5	2,5	12	9,5
30	58	42	45	32	41	7	19	M4	M6	2,5	16,9	14,4
35	68	48	55	37	47	6,5	21,5	M4	M6	2,5	21	18,5
45	84	60	70	45	59	7,5	28,5	M4	M6	2,5	25,2	22,7

¹⁾ For carraiges of type A, LA, U, SU ²⁾ For carraiges of type R, LR



¹⁾ calculation for maximum possible stroke

²⁾ calculation of bellow type 4 on request, specifications on stroke length required

Mounting

General instructions

The following mounting instructions¹⁾ are applicable to all carriage types.

To maintain the high precision of SKF LLT profile rail guides, the carriages must be carefully handled during transport and subsequent assembly.

To provide protection during transport, storage and assembly, LLT rails and carriages are supplied with a corrosion inhibitor. This inhibitor does not need to be removed if the recommended lubricants are used.

Typical mounting examples

Rails

Each rail has ground reference edges on both sides.

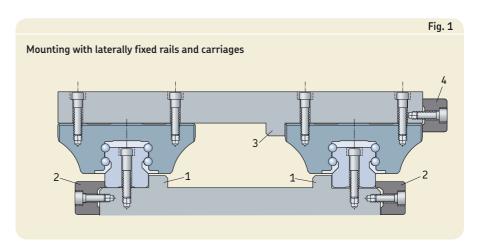
Options for securing the rails laterally $(\rightarrow \text{fig. 1})$

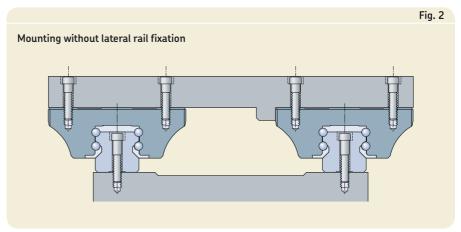
- **1** Stop edges
- 2 Retaining strips

Note: Rail ends must be chamfered to prevent seal damage during installation. If two rails are to be joined, do not chamfer either of the mating ends.

Rails that are not laterally fixed must be installed straight and parallel. SKF recommends using a support strip to maintain the rail's position during installation.

Guideline values for the permissible lateral loads for unfixed rails are listed in **table 3** on **page 41**.





Carriage

Each carriage has one ground reference side (please refer to dimension H_2 in the drawings of the carriages (\rightarrow pages 18 ff.).

Options for securing the carriages laterally (\rightarrow fig. 1)

- **3** Stop edges
- 4 Retaining strips

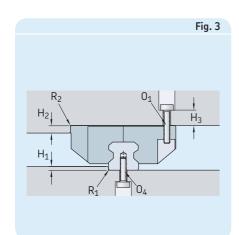
Note: If mounted correctly, the carriage should move easily on the rail when pushed.

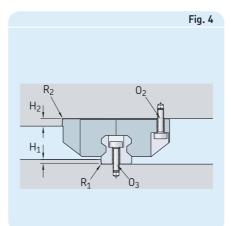
During assembly, secure the carriage to prevent it from falling.

¹⁾ For detailed mounting instructions please contact your SKF representative.

Interface design, screw sizes and tightening torques

- The flange-type carriages can be fastened from above (→ fig. 3) and below (→ fig. 4)
- The slim-type carriages can be fastened from above (→ fig. 5)
- Rails can be fastened from both above
 (→ fig. 4 and 5) and below (→ fig. 3, rail
 type LLTHR ... D4).





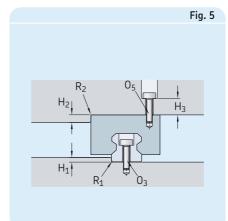


											Table 1
Stop	edges, co	orner radi	i and scre	w sizes							
Size	Dimens H ₁ min	sions H ₁ max	R ₁ max	H ₂	R ₂ max	H ₃ ¹⁾	Screw 0 ₁ ISO 4762	02	031)	041)	O ₅ ²⁾
_	mm						4 Piece		Rail		
15 20 25	2,5 2,5 3,0	3,5 4,0 5,0	0,4 0,6 0,8	4 5 5	0,6 0,6 0,8	6 9 10	M5 x 12 M6 x 16 M8 x 20	M4 × 12 M5 × 16 M6 × 18	M4 × 20 M5 × 25 M6 × 30	M5 × 12 M6 × 16 M6 × 20	M4 × 12 M5 × 16 M6 × 18
30 35 45	3,0 3,5 4,5	5,0 6,0 8,0	0,8 0,8 0,8	6 6 8	0,8 0,8 0,8	10 13 14	M10 x 20 M10 x 25 M12 x 30	M8 × 20 M8 × 25 M10 ×30	M8 × 30 M8 × 35 M12 × 45	M8 × 20 M8 × 25 M12 × 30	M8 × 20 M8 × 25 M10 × 30
			mmendations s are sufficien		I the maximur	n load.					

						Table 2
Tightening torques of	mountin	g screv	WS			
Screw strength class	Screw M4	M5	M6	M8	M10	M12
_	Nm					
for counterparts made of 8.8 12.9	2,9	5,75	st iron 9,9 16,5		48 81	83 140
for counterparts made of 8.8	1,93		n 6,6 11	16 27	32 54	55 93

						Table 3
	ıs and guide lateral supp			issible latera	ıl forces	without
Carriages		Carria	ges		Rails	
	strength class	01	02	05	03	04
A, U, R	8.8 12.9		11% C 18% C	11% C 18% C	6% C 10% C	6% C 10% C
LA, LR	8.8 12.9	18% C 26% C	8% C 14% C	8% C 14% C	4% C 7% C	4% C 7% C
SU	8.8 12.9	12% C 21% C	8% C 13% C	8% C 13% C	9% C 15% C	9% C 15% C

Permissible height deviation

The values for height deviation are applicable for all carriage types.

If the values for height deviation S_1 (\rightarrow table 4) and S_2 (\rightarrow table 5) are within the specified range, the service life of the rail guide system will not be influenced.

Permissible height deviation in lateral direction (\rightarrow table 4)

$S_1 = a Y$

where

 S_1 = Permissible height deviation [mm]

a = Distance between the rails [mm]

Y = Calculation factor lateral direction

Note: The height tolerance H for the carriages has to be taken into consideration (please refer to **table 3** on **page 13** for detailed information). Subtract H from S_1 to determine final permissible height deviation. If the result for $S_1 < 0$ new product selection is necessary related to preload and/or precision class.

Permissible height deviation in longitudinal direction (\rightarrow table 5)

$S_2 = b X$

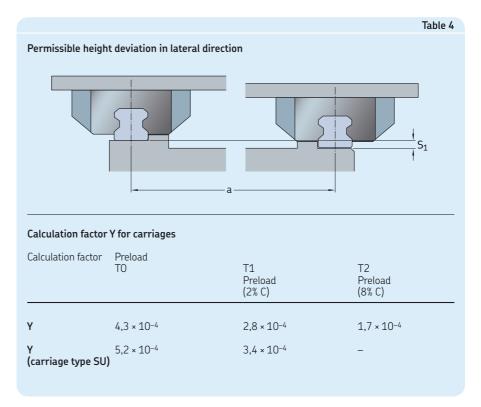
where

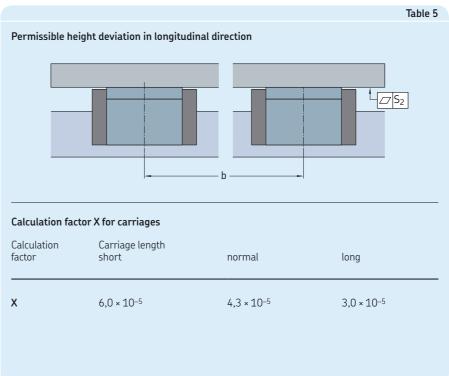
 S_2 = Permissible height deviation [mm]

b = Distance between the carriages [mm]

X = Calculation factor longitudinal direction

Note: The maximum difference Δ_H for the carriages has to be taken into consideration (please refer to **page 13** for detailed information). Subtract Δ_H from S_2 to determine final permissible height deviation. If the result for $S_2 < 0$ new product selection is necessary related to preload and/or precision class.





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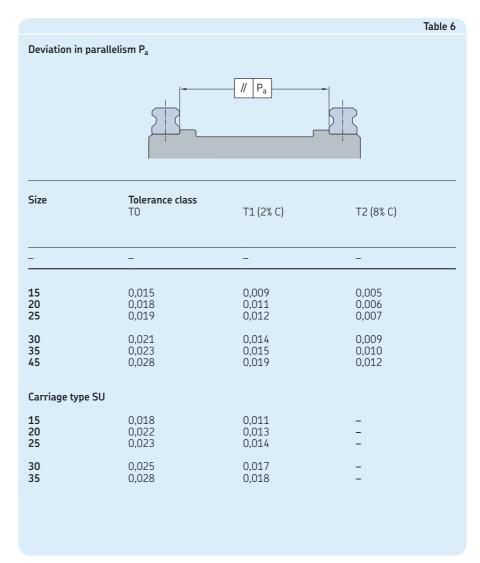
Parallelism

The parallelism of mounted rails is measured on the rails and the carriages.

The values for the deviation in parallelism P_a are applicable to all carriage types.

Deviation in parallelism P_a slightly increases the preload. If the values are within the specified range in **table 6**, the service life of the rail guide system will not be influenced.

Precision mounting requires a stiff, highprecision adjacent construction. For standard mounting, the adjacent construction is resilient and the tolerances for deviation in parallelism can be doubled.



Lubrication

To enable optimum operation and long service life, LLT profile rail guides must be sufficiently lubricated to prevent metal-to-metal contact between the rolling elements and the raceways.

Lubrication reduces wear and, at the same time, provides protection against corrosion.

Caution: To prevent damage to the LLT carriages, do not use grease with any solid lubricant such as graphite.

Note: LLT profile rail guides should never operate without basic lubrication.

Factory pre-lubrication

LLT carriages are factory pre-lubricated with SKF LGEP 2. This grease has a consistency of 2 on the NLGI scale, which is in accordance with *DIN 51 825*.

To provide protection during transport, storage and assembly, LLT rails and carriages are coated with a corrosion inhibitor. This inhibitor does not need to be removed if the recommended lubricants are used.

Initial lubrication

An initial lubrication is not required, as SKF profile rail guides are factory pre-lubricated and ready to mount. In cases where a different type of grease is required, the carriages should be thoroughly cleaned and regreased prior to mounting. Please refer to **table 1** for appropriate grease quantity and apply it three times.

This initial lubrication has to be applied according to the steps below:

- **1** Grease each carriage according to the quantities listed in **table 1**.
- 2 Move the carriage three times backwards and forwards with stroke = carriage length.
- 3 Repeat steps 1 and 2 again, twice.

4 Check if a lubricating film is visible on the rail.

Re-lubrication

The lubrication intervals for profile rail guides depend primarily on the average running speed, operating temperature and grease quality.

The intervals recommended for fixed operating conditions are listed in **table 2**. For appropriate grease quantity refer to **table 1**. Where contamination, use of coolants, vibration, shock loads etc. form part of the environmental conditions, it is advisable to reduce relubrication intervals accordingly.

				Table 1
Size	Grease quantity Carriage type A, R, U	LA, LR	SU	
_	cm ³			
15 20 25	0,4 0,7 1,4	- 0,9 1,8	0,3 0,6 1,1	
30 35 45	2,2 2,2 4,7	2,9 2,9 6,1	1,8 1,8 -	

			Table 2
Size	Lubrication intervals¹) Under normal operating conditions, Travel under load ≤ 0,15 C	v ≤ 1 m/s ≤ 0,3 C	
-	km	_	
15 20 25	5 000 5 000 10 000	1 200 1 200 2 400	
30 35 45 ¹) NLGI 00 grease reduces	10 000 10 000 10 000 the relubrication intervals to 75% of the stated value	2 400 2 400 2 400	

Maintenance

Short stroke applications

If the stroke is less than twice the carriage length, both lube ports must be used, each filled equally with the grease quantity stated for initial lubrication or relubrication.

Example

- Short stroke application
- Carriage type A
- Size 25

Apply 3×1.4 cm³ into the left and 3×1.4 cm³ into the right grease nipple.

Caution: To avoid serious damage it is important to consider the miscibility of greases when changing from one lubricant to another.

Moreover, you must also consider the possibility of reduced relubrication intervals, performance at short stroke operation and reduced load carrying capacity as well as possible chemical interaction with synthetic materials, lubricants and preservatives.

Please refer to the grease manufacturer's instructions. In case of incompatibility between lubricants employed, the carriages should be thoroughly cleaned before regreasing.

For automatic relubrication systems from SKF, please contact your local SKF representative.

To avoid dirt from adhering to and embedding into the rails, the rails should be cleaned regularly with a "cleaning stroke". SKF recommends a cleaning stroke over the entire length of the rails twice a day or at least every eight hours.

Perform a cleaning stroke each time when switching on or off the machine.

Typical application areas

Typical application areas				
Applications	Accu P5	ıracy classes P3 P1	Preload classes T0 T1 T2	Special requirements on Speed Sealing
Handling				
Linear robotics	+	+	+ +	+
Linear tables	+	+ +	+ + +	+
Modules and axis	+	+	+ +	
Pneumatic automation	+	+	+ +	+
Plastic injection moulding				
Clamping / injecting	+	+	+ +	+
Machine hood	+		+	
Woodworking				
Portal and gantry	+	+ +	+ +	+ +
Machine hood	+		+	
Printing				
Cutting and transport systems	+		+ +	+
Packaging				
Labelling	+	+	+	
Stacking/palletizing	+	+	+ +	+
Medical				
X-ray	+	+	+ +	
Patient tables	+	+	+ +	
Laboratory automation	+	+	+ +	
Machine tool				
Cutting	+	+ +	+ +	+ +
Sawing	+	+	+ +	+
Symbols: + Suitable				

Please complete form and send to or authorized distributor.	your SKF representative	Specification shee Selection of prof	et file rail guide slid	es
1a Customer		2 SKF contact		
Company		Company		
Address 1		Address 1		
Address 2		Address 2		
City	Post code	City		Post code
Country		Country		
Phone	Fax	Phone		Fax
1b Contact				
Name		telephone		mobile
Job title	Department	e-mail		
Name		telephone		mobile
Job title	Department	e-mail		
Name		telephone		mobile
Job title	Department	e-mail		
3 Reason for request		-		
Currently used product				
☐ Replacement		☐ New design	☐ Other:	
4 Application				
☐ Factory automation ☐ Medical	☐ Woodworking ☐ Packaging	☐ Printing☐ Other:	Please specify other applic	ation
5 Application description				

6 Number of carriages per ra	il				
1 2	3 4	□ Other:	Please specify other		
7 Number of rails used in par	rallel				
7 Hamber of Faits asea in par	Please specify of	ner			
	☐ Other:				
8 Stroke		9 Rail length			
mm			mm		
10 Distance between carriage	25	11 Distance	between rails		
mm			mm		
12 Loads per axis					
Additional moving load	Additional force	X	Υ	Z	
kg	N			_	
y F ₂ M ₂	Force N				
M _X	Moment Nm				
M,	Eccentricity mm				
42 6	,	4/	•		
13 Speed Maximum		14 Acceleration	ion		
m/s			m/s ²		
15 Mode of operation		16 Specificat	tion life		
Duty cycle	Length of one operation cycle	Operating hours per		requisite life	
%	S		h	<u>h</u>	
17 Dynamic diagram					
S [mm]					
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18 Acc	urac n be fou	y clas	i S e LLT pi	roduct	catalo	og on i	page í	13)																								
□ P5 ((Hig	h ac	cur	acy)) P1	(Pre	ecisi	on)													
19 Pre	load	class																														
(Details car									(Ligl	ht pi	relo	ad 2	!% C))) T2	(Me	diur	m pi	reloa	ad 89	% C)										
20 Mo	untir	ng																														
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Rails								Mo	unte	ed fr	om	abo	ve			 M ₀	ount	ed f	rom	ı bel	OW) Ot	her						
Custom	ner in	terfac	-Δ																													
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SKF – the knowledge engineering company

From the company that invented the selfaligning ball bearing more than 100 years ago, SKF has evolved into a knowledge engineering company that is able to draw on five technology platforms to create unique solutions for its customers. These platforms include bearings, bearing units and seals, of course, but extend to other areas including: lubricants and lubrication systems, critical for long bearing life in many applications; mechatronics that combine mechanical and electronics knowledge into systems for more effective linear motion and sensorized solutions; and a full range of services, from design and logistics support to conditioning monitoring and reliability systems.

Though the scope has broadened, SKF continues to maintain the world's leadership in the design, manufacture and marketing of rolling bearings, as well as complementary products such as radial seals. SKF also holds an increasingly important position in the market for linear motion products, high-precision aerospace bearings, machine tool spindles and plant maintenance services.

The SKF Group is globally certified to ISO 14001, the international standard for environmental management, as well as OHSAS 18001, the health and safety management standard. Individual divisions have been approved for quality certification in accordance with ISO 9001 and other customer specific requirements.

With over 100 manufacturing sites worldwide and sales companies in 70 countries, SKF is a truly international corporation. In addition, our distributors and dealers in some 15 000 locations around the world, an e-business marketplace and a global distribution system put SKF close to customers for the supply of both products and services. In essence, SKF solutions are available wherever and whenever customers need them. Overall, the SKF brand and the corporation are stronger than ever. As the knowledge engineering company, we stand ready to serve you with world-class product competencies, intellectual resources, and the vision to help you succeed.

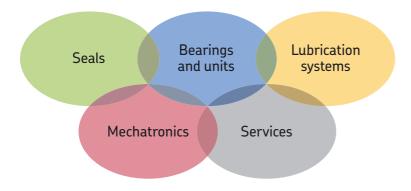


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Evolving by-wire technology

SKF has a unique expertise in fast-growing bywire technology, from fly-by-wire, to drive-bywire, to work-by-wire. SKF pioneered practical flyby-wire technology and is a close working partner with all aerospace industry leaders. As an example, virtually all aircraft of the Airbus design use SKF by-wire systems for cockpit flight control.

SKF is also a leader in automotive by-wire technology, and has partnered with automotive engineers to develop two concept cars, which employ SKF mechatronics for steering and braking. Further by-wire development has led SKF to produce an all-electric forklift truck, which uses mechatronics rather than hydraulics for all controls.







Harnessing wind power

The growing industry of wind-generated electric power provides a source of clean, green electricity. SKF is working closely with global industry leaders to develop efficient and trouble-free turbines, providing a wide range of large, highly specialized bearings and condition monitoring systems to extend equipment life of wind farms located in even the most remote and inhospitable environments.



Working in extreme environments

In frigid winters, especially in northern countries, extreme sub-zero temperatures can cause bearings in railway axleboxes to seize due to lubrication starvation. SKF created a new family of synthetic lubricants formulated to retain their lubrication viscosity even at these extreme temperatures. SKF knowledge enables manufacturers and end user customers to overcome the performance issues resulting from extreme temperatures, whether hot or cold. For example, SKF products are at work in diverse environments such as baking ovens and instant freezing in food processing plants.



Developing a cleaner cleaner

The electric motor and its bearings are the heart of many household appliances. SKF works closely with appliance manufacturers to improve their products' performance, cut costs, reduce weight, and reduce energy consumption. A recent example of this cooperation is a new generation of vacuum cleaners with substantially more suction. SKF knowledge in the area of small bearing technology is also applied to manufacturers of power tools and office equipment.



Maintaining a 350 km/h R&D lab

In addition to SKF's renowned research and development facilities in Europe and the United States, Formula One car racing provides a unique environment for SKF to push the limits of bearing technology. For over 50 years, SKF products, engineering and knowledge have helped make Scuderia Ferrari a formidable force in F1 racing. (The average racing Ferrari utilizes more than 150 SKF components.) Lessons learned here are applied to the products we provide to automakers and the aftermarket worldwide.



Delivering Asset Efficiency Optimization

Through SKF Reliability Systems, SKF provides a comprehensive range of asset efficiency products and services, from condition monitoring hardware and software to maintenance strategies, engineering assistance and machine reliability programmes. To optimize efficiency and boost productivity, some industrial facilities opt for an Integrated Maintenance Solution, in which SKF delivers all services under one fixed-fee, performance-based contract.



Planning for sustainable growth

By their very nature, bearings make a positive contribution to the natural environment, enabling machinery to operate more efficiently, consume less power, and require less lubrication. By raising the performance bar for our own products, SKF is enabling a new generation of high-efficiency products and equipment. With an eye to the future and the world we will leave to our children, the SKF Group policy on environment, health and safety, as well as the manufacturing techniques, are planned and implemented to help protect and preserve the earth's limited natural resources. We remain committed to sustainable, environmentally responsible growth.



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